

Reteaching 1-1

Properties of Real Numbers

OBJECTIVE: Finding additive and multiplicative inverses

MATERIALS: None

The **additive inverse** of a number a is $-a$. The number $-a$ is also called the **opposite** of a . The sum of a number and its opposite, $a + (-a)$, is always 0.

The **multiplicative inverse** of a nonzero number a is $\frac{1}{a}$. The number $\frac{1}{a}$ is also called the **reciprocal** of a . The product of a nonzero number and its reciprocal, $a \cdot \frac{1}{a}$, is always 1. The number 0 does not have a multiplicative inverse.

Examples

Find the opposite and reciprocal of each number.

a. -7.4 b. $3\frac{1}{2}$

a. Opposite: $-(-7.4) = 7.4$

Reciprocal: $\frac{1}{-7.4} = \frac{10}{-74} = -\frac{10}{74} = -\frac{5}{37}$

b. Opposite: $-\left(3\frac{1}{2}\right) = -3\frac{1}{2}$

Reciprocal: $\frac{1}{3\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\frac{7}{2}} = \frac{2}{7}$

Exercises

Find the opposite and reciprocal of each number.

1. 3

2. -2

3. $-\frac{1}{6}$

4. $\frac{3}{5}$

5. -2.4

6. 0.6

7. $-5\frac{2}{3}$

8. $2\frac{1}{4}$

9. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

10. $-\frac{1}{\pi}$

11. -0.25

12. 1.3

13. $1\frac{2}{5}$

14. $-\sqrt{2}$

15. $\pi + 2$

16. $-\frac{9}{10}$