

# Reteaching 9-3

## Rational Functions and Their Graphs

**OBJECTIVE:** Finding and classifying points of discontinuity

**MATERIALS:** None

Rational functions may have two different types of points of discontinuity.

- A hole is present at  $x = a$  when  $a$  is a zero of both the numerator and the denominator.
- A vertical asymptote is present at  $x = a$  when  $a$  is a zero of the denominator only.
- Find points of discontinuity before attempting to graph the function.

### Example

Find and classify any points of discontinuity for  $y = \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{3x^2 - 12}$ .

$$y = \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{3x^2 - 12}$$

$$y = \frac{(x - 2)(x + 3)}{3(x - 2)(x + 2)}$$

← **Factor the numerator and denominator completely.**

$$y = \frac{\textcircled{(x - 2)}(x + 3)}{3\textcircled{(x - 2)}(x + 2)}$$

← **Circle common factors in the numerator and denominator to indicate holes.**

$$x - 2 = 0$$

← **Use the Zero-Product Property to find the point of discontinuity.**

$$x = 2$$

$$x + 2 = 0$$

← **Use the Zero-Product Property with any remaining factors in the denominator to find the asymptotes.**

$$x = -2$$

There is a hole at  $x = 2$  and a vertical asymptote at  $x = -2$ .

### Exercises

Find and classify any points of discontinuity.

1.  $y = \frac{x}{x^2 - 9}$

2.  $y = \frac{3x^2 - 1}{x^3}$

3.  $y = \frac{6x^2 + 3}{x - 1}$

4.  $y = \frac{5x^3 - 4}{x^2 + 4x - 5}$

5.  $y = \frac{7x}{x^3 + 1}$

6.  $y = \frac{12x^4 + 10x - 3}{3x^4}$

7.  $y = \frac{12x + 24}{x^2 + 2x}$

8.  $y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$

9.  $y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$