

**Short Answer****Solve the equation.**

1.  $\frac{1}{4}r - \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{2}r = \frac{1}{2} + r$

2.  $-5y - 9 = -(y - 1)$

3.  $|3x + 5| = 1$

4.  $\sqrt{x + 10} - 7 = -5$

5.  $4(3 - x)^{\frac{4}{3}} - 5 = 59$

**Solve for x. State any restrictions on the variables.**

6.  $ax + bx + 9 = 7$

7.  $a(bx + 2) = cx - 12$

**Solve the compound inequality. Graph the solution set.**

8.  $5x + 10 \geq 10$  and  $7x - 7 \leq 14$

9.  $-2 \leq 2x - 4 < 4$

10. For  $f(x) = 5x + 1$ , find  $f(-4)$ .

11. Suppose  $f(x) = 4x - 2$  and  $g(x) = -2x + 1$ .

Find the value of  $\frac{f(5)}{g(-3)}$ .**Find the slope of the line through the pair of points.**

12.  $(6, 12)$  and  $(-6, -2)$

**Find the slope of the line.**

13.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 4$

**Find an equation for the line:**

14. through  $(2, 6)$  and perpendicular to  $y = -\frac{5}{4}x + 1$ .

15. through  $(-4, 6)$  and parallel to  $y = -3x + 4$ .

16. What is the vertex of the graph of the function  $y = |-3x + 2| - 4$ ?

**Write an equation for the vertical translation.**

17.  $y = \frac{2}{3}x$ ; 4 units down

18. Write the equation that is the translation of  $y = |x|$  left 1 unit and up 2 units.

**Solve the system by the method of substitution.**

19. 
$$\begin{cases} 5x - y = 5 \\ 5x - 3y = 15 \end{cases}$$

20. Identify the vertex and the  $y$ -intercept of the graph of the function  $y = -3(x + 2)^2 + 5$ .

**Factor the expression.**

21.  $x^2 + 14x + 48$

22.  $x^2 - 6x + 8$

23.  $x^2 - 2x - 63$

24. Simplify  $\sqrt{-175}$  using the imaginary number  $i$ .

**Write the number in the form  $a + bi$ .**

25.  $\sqrt{-4} + 10$

**Simplify the expression.**

26.  $(-1 + 6i) + (-4 + 2i)$

**Use the Quadratic Formula to solve the equation.**

27.  $5x^2 + 9x - 2 = 0$

28. Write a polynomial function in standard form with zeros at 5,  $-4$ , and 1.

**Multiply and simplify if possible.**

29.  $\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{2}$

30.  $\sqrt{7x}(\sqrt{x} - 7\sqrt{7})$

**Simplify the expression.**

31.  $20^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 20^{\frac{1}{2}}$

32.  $3^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}$

33.  $8^{\frac{4}{3}}$

34.  $\frac{8}{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}}$

35.  $-\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{36} + 6\sqrt{5}$

36. Let  $f(x) = -3x - 6$  and  $g(x) = 5x + 2$ . Find  $f(x) + g(x)$ .

37. Let  $f(x) = 3x + 2$  and  $g(x) = 7x + 6$ . Find  $f \cdot g$  and its domain.

**Evaluate the logarithm.**

38.  $\log_5 \frac{1}{625}$

39.  $\log 0.01$

40. Write an equation for the translation of  $y = \frac{4}{x}$  that has the asymptotes  $x = 7$  and  $y = 6$ .

**Simplify the complex fraction.**

41.  $\frac{\frac{3}{4y} - \frac{2}{y}}{\frac{1}{y} + \frac{3}{2y}}$

**Solve the equation. Check the solution.**

42.  $\frac{-2}{x+4} = \frac{4}{x+3}$

**Write the measure in radians. Express the answer in terms of  $\pi$ .**

43.  $45^\circ$

44. Suppose  $\tan \theta = \frac{8}{15}$ . Find  $\cot \theta$ .

**Rationalize the denominator of the expression. Assume that all variables are positive.**

45.  $\frac{\sqrt{6x^8y^9}}{\sqrt{5x^2y^4}}$

$$46. \frac{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{6}}$$

$$47. \frac{2 + \sqrt[3]{3}}{\sqrt[3]{6}}$$

**Multiply.**

$$48. (-5 - \sqrt{3})^2$$

$$49. (8 - \sqrt{2})(9 + \sqrt{5})$$

$$50. (\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{10})(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{10})$$

51. Write the exponential expression  $3x^{\frac{3}{8}}$  in radical form.

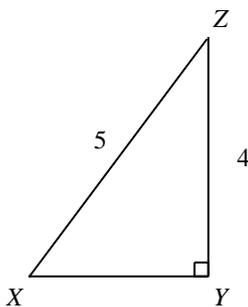
52. Write the radical expression  $\frac{8}{\sqrt[7]{x^{15}}}$  in exponential form.

53. Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 1$  and  $g(x) = 2x - 4$ . Find  $2f(x) - 3g(x)$ .

54. Let  $f(x) = -2x - 7$  and  $g(x) = -4x + 3$ . Find  $(f \circ g)(-5)$ .

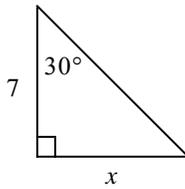
55. Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 6$  and  $g(x) = \frac{x+8}{x}$ . Find  $(g \circ f)(-7)$ .

56. In  $\triangle XYZ$ ,  $\angle Y$  is a right angle and  $\sin X = \frac{4}{5}$ . Find  $\sin Z$  in fraction and in decimal form. Round to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.



**Find the value of  $x$ . Round your answer to the nearest tenth.**

57.



Not drawn to scale

58. Find  $|-5 - 4i|$ .

59. **Write the standard form of the equation of the circle with radius  $r$  and center  $(h, k)$ .**

$$r = 3; \quad (h, k) = (6, -6)$$

**Graph the absolute value equation.**

60.  $y = |x + 4|$